### How we got the Bible

#### Old Testament Apocrypha

The word 'apocrypha' means 'hidden'. It is used in a general sense to describe a list of books written by Jews between 300 and 100 BC. More specifically, it is used of the seven additional books accepted by the Catholic Church as being inspired.

The entire list of books of the Apocrypha are:

1st Esdras, 2nd Esdras, Tobit, Judith, the Rest of Esther, the Wisdom of Solomon, Sirach (also titled Ecclesiasticus), Baruch, the Letter of Jeremiah, Song of the Three Young Men, Susanna, Bel and the Dragon, the Additions to Daniel, the Prayer of Manasseh, and lastly 1st and 2nd Maccabees...

The books accepted as inspired and included in the Catholic Bible are Tobit, Judith, 1st and 2nd Maccabees, the Wisdom of Solomon, Sirach (also known as Ecclesiasticus) and Baruch.

The Jews never recognized these books as being canonical (inspired). There is no record that Jesus or the apostles ever quoted from the apocryphal books. The Septuagint (LXX) includes the books – not as Scripture – but as part of the translation of the Hebrew manuscripts as a whole.

Are these the 'lost books of the Bible'?

There is much talk these days about lost books of the Bible. From cults to the New Age, people make all sorts of claims about how the Bible is missing books; books that help justify what they hope to believe. Sometimes people claim that the Bible was edited to take out reincarnation, or the teaching of 'higher planes of existence', or different gods, or ancestor worship, or 'at-one-ment' with nature.

## How we got the Bible

## Old Testament Apocrypha (continued)

The 'lost books' were never lost. They were known by the Jews in the Old Testament times and the Christians of the New Testament period and were never considered by either group to be Scripture. They weren't lost nor were they removed. They were never in the Bible in the first place.

The additional books were not included in the Bible for several reasons:

- \* Lacked apostolic or prophetic authorship
- \* Didn't claim to be the Word of God
- \* Contained unbiblical concepts such as 'prayer for the dead' (Maccabees 12:45-46)
- Contained serious historical inaccuracies

# Old Testament Pseudepigrapha:

- \* 1st Enoch
- \* 2nd Baruch
- \* 3rd Esdras
- \* 3rd Maccabees
- \* 6th Maccabees

- \* 2nd Enoch
- \* 3rd Baruch
- \* 4th Esdras
- \* 4th Maccabees
- \* 7th Maccabees

- \* 3rd Enoch
- \* 4th Baruch
- \* 5th Ezra

- \* 5th Maccabees
- \* 8th Maccabees

\* 6th Ezra

- \* Adam Octipartite
- \* Adjuration of Elijah
- \* Apocalypse of Abraham
- \* Apocalypse of Adam
- \* Apocalypse of Elijah
- \* Apocalypse of Ezekiel
- \* Apocalypse of Sedrach
- \* Apocalypse of the 7 Heavens
- \* Apocalypse of Zephaniah
- \* Apocryphon of Ezekiel
- \* Apocryphon of Jacob & Joseph
- \* Apocryphon of Melchizedek
- \* Apocryphon of the 10 Tribes
- \* Ascension of Moses
- \* Assumption of Moses
- \* Book of Assaf
- \* Book of Noah
- \* Cave of Treasures

- \* Coptic Apocryphon of Jeremiah
- \* Eldad and Modad
- \* Enochic Book of Giants
- \* Epistle of Rehoboam
- \* Greek Apocalypse of Daniel
- \* Greek Apocalypse of Ezra
- \* History of Joseph
- \* History of the Rechabites
- \* Jannes and Jambres
- \* Joseph and Aseneth
- \* Jubilees
- \* Ladder of Jacob
- \* Letter of Aristeas
- \* Life of Adam and Eve
- \* Lives of the Prophets
- \* Manual of Discipline
- \* Martyrdom & Ascension of Isaiah
- \* Odes of Solomon
- \* Prayer of Jacob
- \* Prayer of Joseph

- \* Psalms of Solomon
- \* Questions of Ezra
- \* Revelation of Ezra
- \* Sibylline Oracles
- \* Signs of the Judgement
- \* Sword of Moses
- \* Testament of Abraham
- \* Testament of Adam
- \* Testament of Isaac
- \* Testament of Jacob
- \* Testament of Job
- \* Testament of Moses
- \* Testament of Solomon
- \* Testament of 12 Patriarchs
- \* Treatise of Shem
- \* Vision of Ezra
- \* Visions of Heaven and Hell
- \* Words of Gaz the Seer